

Summary of Selected Findings: Connecticut

		State	Nation	Region	
Making Ends Meet					
Difficulty covering expenses and paying bills					
Very difficult		9%	10%	9%	
Somewhat difficult		32%	33%	31%	
Not at all difficult		58%	54%	57%	
Spending vs. saving					
Spending less than income		49%	43%	47%	
Spending about equal to income		29%	34%	30%	
Spending more than income		18%	19%	19%	
Overdraw checking account occasionally		15%	21%	18%	Respondents with checking accounts
Have unpaid medical bills		14%	22%	17%	
Number of times mortgage payments have been late					
Once		6%	8%	7%	Respondents with mortgages
More than once		11%	9%	8%	
Have taken a loan from retirement account in past year		10%	14%	12%	Respondents with defined contribution retirement accounts
Have taken a hardship withdrawal from retirement account in past year		11%	14%	10%	
Have experienced large unexpected drop in income in past year		21%	26%	21%	
Planning Ahead					
Have emergency funds		61%	53%	58%	
Do not have emergency funds		36%	43%	38%	
Have tried to figure out retirement savings needs		45%	39%	40%	Non-retired respondents
Have not tried to figure out retirement savings needs		50%	55%	53%	
Have set aside money for children’s college education		45%	40%	45%	Respondents with financially dependent children
Have not set aside money for children’s college education		50%	54%	50%	
Retirement Accounts					
Have employer-provided retirement plan (e.g., pension, 401(k))		55%	49%	53%	Non-retired respondents
Have non-employer retirement plan (e.g., IRA, Keogh, SEP, etc.)		34%	26%	31%	
Regularly contribute to retirement account		84%	79%	82%	Respondents with defined contribution retirement accounts

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Stocks, Bonds, and Mutual Funds

Invest in stocks, bonds, mutual funds, or other securities outside of retirement account

42%	35%	37%
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Managing Financial Products

Banking

Have checking account

92%	91%	92%
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Have savings account, money market account, or CDs

78%	72%	78%
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Credit Cards

Credit card behaviors in past year

Always paid credit cards in full

59%	59%	59%
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Carried over a balance and was charged interest

39%	43%	41%
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Paid the minimum payment only

29%	35%	32%
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Charged a late fee for late payment

14%	17%	15%
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Charged an over the limit fee for exceeding credit line

7%	11%	9%
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Used the cards for a cash advance

12%	15%	13%
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Respondents with credit cards

Mobile Payment Methods

Use mobile phone to pay at point of sale

44%	43%	42%
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Use mobile phone to transfer money to another person

49%	53%	49%
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Mortgages

Have mortgage

54%	51%	53%
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Have home equity loan

15%	12%	14%
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Homeowners

Home “underwater” (negative equity)

6%	7%	6%
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Homeowners

Other Debt

Have student loan

24%	23%	25%
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Have auto loan

30%	29%	32%
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Non-Bank Borrowing

Non-bank borrowing methods used in past 5 years

Auto title loan

10%	12%	11%
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Short term “payday” loan

9%	15%	10%
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Tax refund advance

10%	11%	10%
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Pawn shop

19%	21%	15%
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Rent-to-own store

10%	14%	12%
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Used one or more non-bank borrowing methods in past 5 years

27%	32%	25%
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Financial Knowledge

Suppose you had \$100 in a savings account and the interest rate was 2% per year. After 5 years, how much do you think you would have in the account if you left the money to grow?

<u>More than \$102</u> (correct answer)	73%	69%	72%
Exactly \$102	7%	9%	7%
Less than \$102	5%	6%	6%
Don't know	14%	15%	14%

Imagine that the interest rate on your savings account was 1% per year and inflation was 2% per year. After 1 year, how much would you be able to buy with the money in this account?

More than today	9%	12%	12%
Exactly the same	10%	11%	10%
<u>Less than today</u> (correct answer)	56%	53%	55%
Don't know	23%	23%	21%

If interest rates rise, what will typically happen to bond prices?

They will rise	16%	20%	18%
<u>They will fall</u> (correct answer)	32%	25%	29%
They will stay the same	6%	6%	6%
There is no relationship between bond prices and the interest rate	9%	9%	9%
Don't know	37%	39%	38%

Suppose you owe \$1,000 on a loan and the interest rate you are charged is 20% per year compounded annually. If you didn't pay anything off, at this interest rate, how many years would it take for the amount you owe to double?

Less than 2 years	3%	5%	4%
<u>At least 2 years but less than 5 years</u> (correct answer)	29%	30%	31%
At least 5 years but less than 10 years	27%	28%	27%
At least 10 years	9%	7%	9%
Don't know	30%	28%	27%

Which of the following indicates the highest probability of getting a particular disease?

<u>There is a one-in-twenty chance of getting the disease</u> (correct answer)	34%	36%	36%
2% of the population will get the disease	15%	13%	13%
25 out of every 1,000 people will get the disease	18%	17%	18%
Don't know	32%	33%	32%

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A 15-year mortgage typically requires higher monthly payments than a 30-year mortgage, but the total interest paid over the life of the loan will be less.			
<u>True</u> (correct answer)	73%	69%	71%
False	8%	9%	8%
Don't know	18%	22%	21%
Buying a single company's stock usually provides a safer return than a stock mutual fund.			
True	10%	12%	10%
<u>False</u> (correct answer)	46%	42%	44%
Don't know	44%	45%	45%
Mean number of correct quiz answers	3.42	3.23	3.37
Mean number of incorrect quiz answers	1.53	1.63	1.57
Mean number of "don't know" quiz answers	1.98	2.06	1.99

Notes:

Region = New England Census Division (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont).

State figures are weighted by age x gender, ethnicity and education.

National figures are weighted by age x gender, ethnicity, education and Census Division.

Census Division figures are weighted by age x gender, ethnicity, education and state.

Differences between groups may or may not be statistically significant.

Percentages may not add up to 100 because of missing or "don't know" responses.

Survey was conducted June – October 2021.

Additional findings and details are available for download at www.FINRAFoundation.org/NFCS.